ade in another portion of this atton, that the additional duty of a cent per pound laid onty on its export be abrooms to me that exceedingly

FREE SHIP-BUILDING. the advent of a new tariff policy, y calculated to relieve the con-of our land in the cost of their to invite a better de ws as a logical, imperative we should at once remove prevented our participation carrying trade of the sea id bound the industry and

erican registry to ships built ewned by Americans appears of present conditions not only carer a relic of barbarism than hat exists under the permis-catute of the United States. I mmend its prompt repeal. THE BOND ISSUE.

mry for the purpose of re reduced, and its fur

and may do duty many times rawing gold from the Treas we have an endless chain in constantly depleting the Trea-and never near a final rest, was not had enough, we have, intory declaration that it is of the government to maintain tween gold and sliver, affect momentum of this exhaust-and added largely to the gattons claiming this pecu-mption. Our small gold re-subject to drain from every

only way under present which this reserve, wher epleted, can be replenished issue and sale of bonds s are deliberately willing ernment should default in bilizations, or that its finan-should be reduced to a sil-

aside of the currency obli-sed to repeatedly and con-from the government its long as no better authority is allowed than at presoch authority will be unized as often as it becomes ne-lalated a sufficient gold re-abundant time to save the country and make good the larations of our government. E-BANK CIRCULATION. lating to our banks and cur-

erred to, and they also pre-satisfactory features. Prom-them are the lack of elasti-currency circulation, and its rentration in financial cen-is most needed in other parts

solute divorcement of the gov-rom the circulation of the cur-he country is needed. This con-not be immediately reached; but o in that direction, and as a securing a more elastic curren-voluting other objections to the rangement of bank circulation, tary of the Treasury presents ert a scheme modifying present aws, and providing for the issue ting notes by State banks free tion under certain limitations. ing notes by State banks free ion under certain limitations. retary explains his plan so l its advantages are developed all its advantages are developed with such remarkable clearness, effort on my part to present in its support would be su-l shall, therefore, content my-sur unqualified endorsement of tary's proposed changes in the brief and imperfect statement rominent features.

prominent features. for the deposit of United States as accurity for circulation, to per-tional banks to issue circulating not exceeding in amount 75 per f their paid-up and unimpaired provided they deposit with the nent as a guarantee fund in United

standing. When a bank fails its guarantee fund is to be paid into this safety fund, and its notes are to be redeemed in the first instance from such safety fund thus augmented—any impairment of such fund caused thereby to be made good from the immediately available cash assets of said bank, and if these should be insufficient, such impairment to be made good by pro-rate assessment among the other banks, their contributions constituting a first lien upon the assets of the failed bank in favor of the contributing banks.

Danks.

As a further security, it is contemplated that the existing provisica fixing the individual liability of stockholders is to be retained, and the bank's indebtedness on account of its circulating notes is to be made a first lien on all its assets.

For the purpose of meeting the expense of printing notes, official supervision, cancellation, and other like charges, there shall be imposed a tax of say one half of one per cent. per annum upon the average amount of notes in circulation. It is further provided that there shall be no national-bank notes issued of a less denomination than ten dollars; that each national hank except in case of a failed national bank, except in case of a fai bank, shall redeem or retire its notes in the first instance at its own office, or at agencies to be designated by it, and that no fixed reserve need be maintained on unt of deposits.

Another very important feature of this plan is the exemption of State banks from taxation by the United States in cases where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury and Comptroller of the Currency by hanks claiming such exemption that they have not had outstanding their circuhave not had outstanding their circu lating notes exceeding 75 per cent. of their paid-up and unimpaired capital; that their stockhoiders are individually liable for the redemption of their circulating notes to the full extent of their ownership of stock; that the liability of said banks upon their circulating notes constitut nder their State law a first lien upon States legal-tender cluding Treasury notes of 1890, equal to 30 per cent. of their outstanding circu-lating notes, when presented at their principal or branch offices.

Ineignal or branch offices.

I is quite likely that this scheme may usefully amended in some of its dells, but I am satisfied it furnishes a talls, but I am satisfied it turnishes a basis for very great improvement in our present banking and currency system. I conclude this communication, fully ap-precisting that the responsibility for all legislation affecting the people of the United States rests upon their representa tives in Congress, and assuring them that, whether in accordance with recom-mendations I have made or not, I shall be giad to co-operate in perfecting any legislation that tends to the prosperity and welfare of our country. egislation that tens and welfare of our country. (Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND, Executive Mansion

December 3, 1894.

COMMENT ON THE MESSAGE. Remarks of New York, Baltimore

Chicago, and Other Journals. NEW YORK, December 3.-The leading papers of this city will comment as fol-

The Tribune: "The President has not heard of the elections last month or considers it dignified to take no notice of an attempt by the people to reverse the course of their government. With stolid indifference to the popular decision, he proposes to thrust upon the country the very theories and measures which the recent elections have condemned. In effect, his message is a new declaration

unexpected or striking in the message which Mr. Cleveland sent to Congress yesterday. The important paragraphs might be printed in three-quarters of a column. The sentences which are obviously of the President's own composition been engaged in summark and paraphrasing the annual reports from

the Bluefields incident, and the policy of our government with regard to the Nicaragua canal; and here we have nothing ositive or enlightening. "DEMOCRATIC BATTLE-CRY."

"DEMOCRATIC BATTLE-CRY."

BALTIMORE, MD., December 3.—Baltimore papers will comment to-morrow on the President's message as follows:

The Sun: "The Cleveland message sounds afresh the Democratic battle-cry for tariff reform, free coal, free iron, free ships, and for war upon the greatest of tariff-begotten monopolies—the Sugar Trust. No less direct and to the point are his recommendations upon the subject of the currency—admittedly, at present the most important of the questions of the day, and one which will tions of the day, and one which will provoke most criticism. The President, however, while approving Mr. Carlisie's plan, is not wedded to it, and accepts it

pian, is not wedded to it, and accepts it is a basis for very great improvement in our banking and currency system."

The American: "The President's object in recommending the passage of the iill for the repeal of the one-tenth-of-acent differential in the sugar schedule seems to be to punish the Sugar Trustrather than to restore to the people the boon of free sugar, guaranteed by the McKinley law, "The attack on the late Mr. Biaine's settlement of the Samoan dispute is un-

settlement of the Samoan dispute is un-called for and unmanly.
"The had feature of the proposed bank-

"The bad feature of the proposed bank-ing-scheme is the effort to separate banks into national and State. If the latter are to be embraced under its provisions, they cease to be State and become national. It is disingenuous to pretend otherwise for the purpose of maintaining a politi-cal fiction."

The Herald: "In a State paper dealing with so many subjects, at such length, it is easily possible to find ground for cri-ticism, but Presiden. Cleveland has sent a message to Congress which sets forth frankly and fairly the several problems frankly and fairly the several problems now confronting the country. The friends and admirers of the President will be gratified by the fact that he has neither receded from nor qualified his views as to free raw materials."

receded from nor qualified his views as to free raw materials."

"GOUT BETWEEN THE LINES."

CHICAGO. December 3.—The Herald (Democratic) says: "The President does not repeat his request for authority to issue suitable bonds or to retire legal tenders when they are redeemed. Instead of that he simply says so long as no better way is provided the authority conferred by the act of 1875 will be utilized whenever and as often as it becomes necessary to maintain a sufficient reserve and in abundant time to save the credit of our country and make good the financial declarations of our government. "Some people may read gout between the lines of this portion of the message, but they will succeed in reading the solid sense out of it. The President's duty in this matter of reserve is plain enough, and if he betrays irritation in his manner of stating it he can hardly be blamed. He has called the attention of Congress to the subject with all due respect heretofore, and it has done nothing." "STRICTLY BUSINESS."

thing." "STRICTLY BUSINESS." "STRICTLY BUSINESS."

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., December 3.
The Times says editorially of the President's message: "The complete absence of politics from the message, to use an Irish form of speech, is one of its distinctive elements. A complete stranger to our political country's history might be puzzled to find out from the text of the document whether Mr. Cleveland were of this or that, or of no, party. It is nurely a business communication from purely a business communication from date line to signature, and one of the best-written, most comprehensive, most statesmanlike messages ever sent from the White House to Capitol Hill."

date line to signature, and one of the power and in United States legal-tender notes, including Treasport of 1890, a sum equal in amount to 20 per cent. of the notes they desire to be maintained at all times; but whenever any bank retires my part of its circulation, a proportional act of its guarantee fund shall be refused to it to permit the Secretary of the Treasury to prepare and keep on hand way for issue, in case an increase in finulation is desired, blank national-bank wees for each bank having circulation, and to repeal the provisions of the present aw impealing limitations and restrictions poon banks desiring to reduce or increase or reduction—thus permitting such increase or reduction—thus permitting such increase or reduction within the limit of 75 per cent. of capital to be quickly made is emergencies arise.

In addition to the guarantee fund relatively in the proposed of the provisions tend directly to make a depreciated paper currency, and, therefore, seem weak and most impolitic. His proposing a small annual tax—say one half of i per cent. upon the average circulation of the circulating notes of failed banks, by imposing a small annual tax—say one half of i per cent. upon the average circulation of the banks undoubtedly is abound finance. The system has stood the test of practical working in Canada, There is

The Daily Chronicle will eulogize Mr. The Daily Chronicle will eulogize art. Cleveland's dogged persistence in advo-eating a policy of reform, "which his discredited party has neither the courage nor the conscience to pursue."

FUNERAL OF EX-SENATOR BROWN. Representative Man from All Over Georgia

Present-Public Honors. ATLANTA, GA., December 3 .- The body of ex-Senator Joseph E. Brown was re moved this afternoon from the Capitol, where it had been lying in state since yesterday, and was interred at Oakland Cemetery. Services were held at the Brown home on Washington avenue, and in the hall of the House of Representa-tives. This chamber was thronged. Rep-resentative men from all over the State were present. Short addresses were made by United States Senator Patrick Walsh, Colonel L. N. Tammell, Captain E. P. Howell, and ex-Chief-Justice Bleckley. Speaker Fleming presided. During the exercises in the chamber the

During the exercises in the chamber the body reposed on a bier in front of the Speaker's desk, where it had been removed from the rotunda.

The religious part of the exercises was conducted by Dr. Henry McDonald, who was Senator Brown's pastor for many years, Dr. Kerfoot, of Louisville, and Dr. A. T. Spalding. Dr. A. T. Spalding.
The Fifth Regiment, the Gate City
Guard, and the Marietta Rifles acted as
a military escort. The city police, the
Legislature, the Mayor and aldermen, the
Confederate veterans, and a number of

civic organizations accompanied the coffin to the grave.
Eight young men, who had been the deceased Senator's stenographers at various times, acted as pall-bearers.

AUSTRIAN PARLIAMENT OPENED.

Speech from the Throne-Some Passage Applanded-Generally Condemned. ROME, December 3.-King Humbert in

person to-day delivered the speech from the Throne opening Parliament. The entrances to the Parliament buildings were thronged with crowds, which gave the

way to the Chamber.

His Majesty, in his speech, referred to
the improved economic situation of the
country, and the necessity for equalizing
the budget; and also spoke of several undefined financial measures. The relations of the country with foreign powers, he said, were good, and was nothing likely to disturb the tranquillity of Europe. The universal manifestations of sorrow over the death of the Czar showed that over the death of the Czar howed there was an undercurrent of sympathy uniting the peoples and governments of Europe, and the changes in Russia confirmed this promise of concord and assured a long period of peace.

The King promised that during the encuing session measures should be intro-

suing session measures should be intro-duced with refernce to social and educa-tional reforms, and amending laws gov-erning banks and circulations. He also alluded to the earthquakes which have wrought such disaster in various dis-tricts of Italy, and the steps taken for the relief of the sufferers through them, and to the share taken in this relief work Though several passages of the speech ere applauded, it was generally

DEMANDS UPON CHINA.

What Japan Will Accept in the Way of Peace Terms.

LONDÓN, December 3.-St. James Gazette prints a dispatch to a news agency here saying that, according to press statements, if terms of peace between Japan and China be concluded now, Japan will accept an indemnity of 400, 000,000 yen, to be paid in instalments, with the cession to her of the territory which she now occupies, but in the event of failure of the present peace negotiations, the demands upon China will be tions, the demands upon China will be increased in proportion to the length of time during which operations shall be carried on. No armistice will be declared anless China sues for peace and gives dedges for the faithful performance of would rather have the considered in the declared he would rather have the constant to himself. He declared he

CELEBRATIONS IN JAPAN.

TOKIO, December 3.—The capture of Port Arthur has been celebrated every-where with entertainments and illumina-tions. The money collected at the en-tertainments is devoted to the purchase of comforts for the troops.

Possible Disaster at Sea.

LONDON, December 3.—The British steamer Albertina, which was last reported from Lynn, November 20th, for Antwerp, was towed into Yarmouth this morning with her bows budly shattered. She reports that during a dense fog last evening she collided off Haboro with a large steamer, striking her amidships. The Albertlina captain at once ordered boats to be lowered and the vicinity of the collision searched for the vessel, but no trace of her could be found. The captain of the Albertlina fears the vessel, with which his ship collided, which he with which his ship collided, which he believes to have been a passenger steamer, was so badly damaged that she sank im-mediately, carrying down with her all on board.

Warning to England.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—The Koelnische Zeitung warns England that an Anglo-Russian alliance could result only in Russia's compelling her to dictate to Japan and enforce upon her certain conditions at the end of the war. Although England already wishes to deprive Japan of the fruits of victory, says the writer, she would find the Russian programme a difficult and distasteful one, as any attempt on her part to coerce Japan would be frowned on by the whole civilized world.

world. Steamer In more Sunk.

LONDON, December 3.-The British LONDON. December 3.—The British steamer Kenmore was sunk off Southwark yesterday by collision with the British steamer Cymbeline. No lives were lost. The Cymbeline was considerably damaged about the bows. A dense fog prevailed at the time of the collision.

Byron Translator Kills Himself. VIENNA, December 3.—Count Bawa-yowski, who translated Byron's poems into Polish, and was one of the richest noblemen in Galicia, killed himself yesterday in a fit of insanity.

Anarchists Sentenced to Prison. ROME, December 3.—Five Anarchists, who were concerned in dynamite plots, were sentenced to-day to imprisonment for terms ranging between one and five years.

Sugar Refineries at Work Again. Sugar Refineries at Work Again.

NEW YORK, December 3.—All of the laid-off workmen have returned to work in the Havemeyer sugar-refinery in Williamsburg. At the Mollenhauer refinery, which is not in the trust, it was said to-day that the temporary shut-down of the Havemeyer refinery had greatly benefited the Mollenhauer plant. Officers of the Mollenhauer refinery refused to speak on the subject to-day, and neither would any one give information at the Havemeyer offices in south Fourth street. All that would be told was that the refineries were in full operation.

South America and Atlanta. NEW YORK, December 3.—The Herald's special cable from Buenos Ayres says the Government of Uruguay has re-quested Minister Stuart to consider the advisability of sending an exhibit to the

advisability of sending an exhibit to the Atlanta Exposition.
General Avery, who is here in the in-terests of the exposition, met the Argen-tine Minister of Foreign Affairs, Senor Costa, Saturday, to discuss a proposed Argentine exhibit. He goes to Chile in January. Forest Fires Put Out.

MEMPHIS, TENN., December 2.— Heavy rains in West Tennessee, Arkansas, Mississippi, and Alabama are reported. This will put a stop to the forest fires which have been doing great damage over this territory, and will also cause a rise in the Mississippi, which is at the lowest point on record from Memphis to Vicksburg. Smoke Hotel Branswick Cigars.
TAYLOR & BOLLING COMPANY.
Distributors.

WRIT SUSTAINED.

THE HABEAS CORPUS IN THE SAY-RES EMBEZZLEMENT CASE the Military Hand-Survey of the

NORFOLK, VA., December 3.-(Spe In the Circuit Court to-day the writ of habeas corpus in the Sayres embezzlement case was sustained and the govrnment was given to the 14th of this month in which to take an appeal. This case has now created a good deal of attention, and it is possible that it may be taken to the Supreme Court. The opinion anticipates a decree setting aside so much of the court-martial's verdict as

sentenced Sayres to two years' imprisonment. The opinion says: "When a court-mar tial exceeds the limits prescribed by law in their findings and pronounce sentences solemnly inhibited by the paramount law of the land, the civil courts are bound to interfere to stay the military hand. In such cases the civil courts dare not refuse to pronounce against military usurpations of power, however honestly and conscientiously committed, and however honorable and distinguished the officers may be, who unadvisedly transcend the limits of just authority.

A LARGE YIELD. The farmers of the county are all busy The farmers of the county are all busy just now gathering and storing the corn crop. There has been a large yield of grain this season, and the growers are much disappointed at the drop in the market. They will all hold as long as possible for an advance in prices. The truckers are now ready to ship kale and season.

work of surveying the United The work of surveying the United States steamer Essex for repairs has been completed and forwarded to Washington. The work necessary to be done will take about a month. Another apprentice-ship, the Portsmouth, is to be repaired, and will be sent to the New York yard.

The Academy of Music was packed with people yesterday afternoon to witness the annual Lodge of Sorrow of the Benevolent, Protective Order of Elks. The exercises, music and addresses, were very beautiful and impressive, and Judge D. Tucker Brooke, of the Corporation Court, dallyered the principal address. In Ports. LODGES OF SORROW. Tucker Brooke, of the Corporation Court, delivered the principal address. In Portsmouth the exercises were held at Oxford Hall, and Grand-Exalted-Ruler W. H. Friday, of New York, was the orator. The spiendid music was one of the crowning features. The Grand Exalted Ruler is entertained to-day by the Elks at Ocean View, and to-night a social session and sumptuous spread in his honor sion and sumptuous spread in his honor will come off at Oxford Hall at 9 o'clock. MR. DOZIER DEAD,

Mr. Cader W. Dozier, a contractor and well-known citizen Norfolk, died at his home in Brarabi on O Saturday

The Norfolk Barrel Company, the offi-cers of which are all Buffalo, N. Y., men, has been chartered by the Corporation Rev. Dr. A. E. Owen preached his twenty-third anniversary sermon at Court-Street Baptist church, Portsmouth,

last night.

GOV. O'FERRALL IN STAUNTON.

Given a Grand Ovation and Serenade by the Stonewall Band.

STAUNTON, VA., December 3 .- (Spe ial.)-Governor Charles T. O'Ferrrall is here to-night at Hotel Eakleton. A number of prominent citizens are calling to pay their respects to the Governor from the Valley. For several years Governor O'Ferrall was a resident of Staunton, and he has many warm friends here. The old Stonewall Brigade Band sere-naded the Rockingham orator to-night. The Governor in handsome terms ascarried on. No armistics with be declared to himself. He declared he unless China sues for peace and gives pledges for the faithful performance of her agreements.

DEITRING STATEMENTS DOUBTED.

Complete the people living in his attachment for the people living in the people living SHANGHAI. December 3.—Commissioner Deltring, who went to Japan to negotiate for peace, but was rebuffed by the Japanese Government, arrived here yesterday. He says that he was recalled because the negotiations for peace had passed into the hands of the American ministers to Japan and China. He asserts that he held documents giving him power to negotiate in the name of the Board of Foreign Affairs. These statements are doubted.

CELEBRATIONS IN JAPAN.

United States District-Attorney A. J. Montague, of Danville; Judge Joseph Chatham, of Richmond, and Hon. J. H. H. Figgatt, of Botetourt, are also in town on route to the United States Court at Harrisonburg.

FOUR HORSES BURNED TO DEATH Farm Utensils and Machinery Destroyed-

Attacked by a Bulldog. ROANOKE, VA., December 3 .- (Spe cial.)-The barn of Dr. R. G. Hudson, at Ballyhack, four miles south of here, was

Ballyhack, four miles south of here, was destroyed by fire this morning. Four horses were burned to death in the barn, and a mule was so badly roasted he had to be killed. A quantity of feed, a buggy, several sets of harness, and a lot of farm machinery were also destroyed with the building, involving a loss of \$1,200. There was no insurance. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. Dr. Hudson's residence on the same farm or. Hudson's residence on the same farm was destroyed by fire from a defective flue last summer, making a loss above the insurance of \$2,000 or more. Charley Koch, the 12-year-old son of

Charley Koch, the 12-year-old son of Henry Koch, of this city, was badly bitten about the shoulder and foot by a builded in the northern part of the city yesterday afternoon. As the lad and a number of other boys were passing along the street the dog broke the chain which held him, threw the boy down and would have killed him but for the ar-rival of help.

rival of help. Mary Pyler Accidentally Shot. WARSAW, VA., December 3.—(Special.) Mary Pyler (colored), who resides near Newland, was accidentally shot by a pistol in the hands of Charles Gibson, also colored, yesterday. The ball entered her breast, and lodged in her right her breast, and lodged in her right shoulder, from which it was extracted by a doctor. Her condition is critical, but it is thought she will recover, John Bartlett, aged 84, a highly-re-spected citizen of this county, died at his home, near Newland, yesterday.

Beale-Pankey. PAMPLIN CITY, VA., December 3.— (Special.)—Miss Laura E. Pankey, daugh-ter of P. P. Pankey, Esq., of this place, was married yesterday morning to Mr. Robert Beale, formerly of Chester, Pa. Mr. Beale left on the afternoon train to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Masons in Richmond, taking his newly-made bride with him.

LAST DAY AS GOVERNOR Tillman Pardons Jack Blanton, Convicted

of Killing a Negro. COLUMBIA, S. C., December 3.-This was Governor Tillman's last day as Governor of South Carolina, and he made free use of the executive pardon power. free use of the executive pardon power. His most notable pardon was that of Jack Bianton, who, as a State Ilquor spy, on December 26th last shot and killed a negro named Wilson, at Spartanburg. Blanton was tried by a jury composed of ten friends of Tillman's Administration and two antis. They found him guilty, the evidence of himself and other constables being that he fired at the negro as he was running from his house, which the spice raided at night. In passing sentence, the judge declared that the verdict could not have been otherwise.

Gate City Guards Go Wrong. Gate City Guards Go Wreng.

ATLANTA, GA., December 3.—The Gate City Guards refused to re-enlist in the State volunteer troops one year ago. Their guns were surrendered to the State upon demand. This morning Coionel Burke asked Governor Atkinson to lend the Guards a sufficient number of guns for the entire command to carry arms at Senator Brown's funeral. Governor Atkinson refused the request. From other sources the Guards secured arms, and carried them at the funeral without authority from the State. The command has laid itself liable to prosecution.

Iron Hall Fund in Maryland,
BALTIMORE, December 3.—Judge Dennis, of the Circuit Court, has ratified
the report of the auditor of the Iron
Hall, which was filed on October 12th last.

The report showed that the entire amount held by the Maryland receivers was \$98,000. Commissions and other expenses deducted leaves a fund of about \$70,000. This will pay about 20 per cent. should the fund be divided among Maryland policyholders. A decree, approved by Judge Dennis and sent to the Indianapolis court providing for the transfer to Indianapolis of the Maryland fund has not been signed by the Indiana authorities, because of its stringent conditions, and the prospects are it will not be signed. General-Receiver Falley's recent course has inclined the Maryland receivers to the belief that it would be better for the policyholders to make a local distribution of the \$50,000, and they are working for that end.

ALABAMA LEGISLATIVE BOMBS Bill and a Resolution Directed Again the Kolbites.

WASHINGTON, December 3 .- A special to the Post from Montgomery, Ala., says: A bill introduced by Representative Knight in the House to-day making it crime punishable by a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000, and not than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000, and not over twenty-five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary for any person to attempt to discharge the duties of an office to which he has not been declared elected by the constituted authorities was a bomb-shell in the camp of the Populists, and has aroused the bitterest opposition. The bill was referred to a committee which held a meeting to-night and which at once made a favorable report. There is no doubt the bill will be passed, with at once made a favorable report. There is no doubt the bill will be passed, with the effect of nipping Koib's dual government in its bud.

Another sensational feature of the House to-day was a resolution offered by Representative Johns, of Jefferson, which was as follows:

"Resolved, That the Committee on Privileges and Elections be, and are hereby.

Resolved, That the Committee on Privi-leges and Elections be, and are hereby, instructed to inquire which, if any, men of the House participated in, or were in any way parties to, an illegal and revolu-tionary attempt to inaugurate or induct-into the office of Governor a person who was not legally elected thereto."
A prominent Kolbite said to-night that
the purpose of the Knight bill and Johns

resolution was to overawe Kolb and prevent him carrying out his programme.

"Kolb," said he, "intends to issue a proclamation to the white people of the State, a large majority of whom are his friends and sympathizers, as shown by the returns from the white counties, not to pay their taxes to Governor Cates's to pay their taxes to Governor Cates' administration, but to pay the appointed of Kolb's administration, or those elected on the Kolb ticket. The communication, he said, with an already empty State Treasury, and with a possibility of de-fault in the interest on State bonds, would bring the Legislature to terms, and would at least make it pass an honest election and a contest-law, and this is all Kolt and his friends ask for." The relations between the Populists and the Democrats in the two houses are becoming more strained every day. It is difficult to forecast where it will end,

IVES AND SCHAEFER AGAIN. They Renew Their Billiard Contest-A

Poor Game. CHICAGO. December 2.-Ives and Schaefer met again to-night to renew their billiard contest. They will play six

nights for a stake of \$5,000, and all the receipts. Six hundred points each night The score to-night was:

Ives, 600; Schaefer, 413.

Ives's average was 27 2-11; Schaefer's 22 17-18. Ives played a fast game at the start, but in the middle of the game he

did little better than Schaefer. It was a

M'BRIDE SUFFERS A RELAPSE. His Candidacy Against Compers May Suffer

in Consequence. COLUMBUS, O., December 3.-John McBride, the president of the United Mine-Workers, is confined to his bed, having suffered a relapse from the nice tine poisoning of three weeks ago.

He will probably not be able to go to Denver to attend the annual conference of the American Federation of Labor of the American Federation of Labor December 11th, and, as he is understood to be the candidate of the elements of the federation that are opposed to Gompers his absence may have an effect on the TROUBLE IN MEXICO

English Railway Employees Being Super seded by Americans. CITY OF MEXICO, VIA LAREDO, ral manager of the Interocean railway, formerly general manager of the Mexican Central, is discharging all the chief em

ployees of the former road, most of whom are Englishmen, and is filling their places with Americans. Intense feeling is being manifested in the matter. Smugglers Locked Up. DETROIT, MICH., December 3.—Asaph Gholbreon, a Syrian, aged about 25 years; his sister-in-law, Mrs. Salma Gholbreon; Mrs. Kate Moore, and her sister, Miss Annie Kirk; George Mashany, a Syrian, and John Nichols and Joseph Lazarus, two men employed on the Windsor Ferry Ling, have been locked up here, charged with sungerling. The gang has been with smuggling. The gang has been operating between Windsor and Detroit for a long time, and thousands of dollars worth of Turkish and Armenian rugs, table-spreads, embroideries, silks, and damasks have been smuggled across the

Wreck of the Richard Parsons.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 3.—The
steamer Rio de Janeiro, which arrived
this afternoon from the Orient, brought
Captain B. W. Joy, formerly of the
American ship Richard Parsons, and news
of the wreck of that vessel on the coast
of Mindora, one of the Phillipine Islands.
The Parsons was coal-laden from New
South Wales to Manilla, and was lost in South Wales to Manilla, and was lost in a typhoon September 27th. Six of the crew, including the mate, cook, and steward, were lost. The vessel was owned at Rockport, Me.

Negro Homicide at Abbeville. COLUMBIA, S. C., December 3.-A spe-cial to the State says that Lemmer Rapley (colored) was shot and instantly killed by Sloan Hearst (also colored) at Abbe-ville Courthouse, S. C., to-day. Hearst fired three shots, all taking effect. There were thousands of negroes in town, and threats of lynching were heard, but the Sheriff hurried Hearst to jail, and the law will probably be allowed to take its

Terrible Result of Morphiomania. Terrible Result of Morphiomania.

KANSAS CITY, MO., December 3.—Mrs. Edith Armstrong, once Edith Forney, of an aristocratic Virginia family, and niece of John W. Forney, founder of the Philadelphia Press, was found dead in her cell in the county jail this morning. She was a slave to morphine and opium, and had committed a number of thefts to obtain the drugs. She was arrested for drunkenness.

Double Hanging Put Off. CHATTANOOGA, TENN., December 3 Mapp and Wooten, the negroes con-demned to die to-day for the murder of Marion Ross, a saloonkeeper, on December 17, 1832, were not hanged, though big crowd gathered about the county juil in anticipation of the double hanging. A respite has been given in both cases until January 11, 1895. Colonel John C. Walsh No More

BALTIMORE, MD., December 3.—Colonel John Carroll Walsh died at his home, "The Mound," in Harford county, Saturday, from a stroke of apopiexy. He was 78 years old, had been active in poli-tics, and filled a number of public po-sitions. He was named after Archbishop John Carroll, Tool-Making Company Fails.

MASSILLON, O., December 3.—The Canal-Fulton Tool Manufacturing Company was closed to-day on account of financial embarrassment. Details are wanting. The company did an extensive business in mining-tools throughout the United States.

States. Senatur Walsh, of Georgia.

WASHINGTON, December 3.—A telegram was received here to-day from United States Senator Walsh stating that he will arrive in Washington Wednesday. The Senator is to-day attending the funeral of the late ex-Senator Brown, of Georgia

The Armenian Atrocities.
COLUMBUS, O., December 3.—The Columbus Pastors' Union to-day adopted resolutions calling upon Secretary Gresham to demand an investigation of the reported cruelties practiced by the Turks upon the Christians of Armenia.

duty began this morning. R. W. G. Welling announced that the persons he represented were willing to let the swor charges go in as pleadings, and let the case rest on the answer made by the District Attorney and; the admission therein, if the answer is sworn to. Mr. McCurdy, counsel for District-At

torney Fellows, answered that the persons making the charges must come and prove their charges legally. He was here to meet the charges, and now awaited evidence of the truth of them. Mr. McMahon, one of the five men who made the charges to the Governor, contended that the last paragraph of the

tended that the last paragraph of the answer of the District Attorney was his defence, and that it was sworn to, and that he must be as mich satisfied now with it as he was when he put it in. He submitted again to put it in the pleadings as evidence.

Mr. McCurdy said: "The pleadings are a distinct issue. We are waiting for proof, and it is their duty to present proof."

proof."
"I want only to ask one question," said Mr. McMahon. "If we put the warden of the Tombs prison on the stand to prove the correctness of the list in the charges, will the District Attorney be satisfied to put in his carefully-prepared answer and rest? Or we will put in our papers and rest if he will do the same."
Mr. McCurdy said: "Charges cannot be sustained except by legal evidence, provsustained except by legal evidence, prov-ing neglect of duty. I contend that the evidence must be presented here in legal

form."
The Commissioner said: "That is the Then Mr. Weiling called Fulton McMa-Then Mr. Welling called Fulton McMa-hon to the stand. The latter, who is witness, complainant, attorney, etc., then swore to the charges that he was one of the framers of. He read the list and said it was a copy of the list of prisoners given to him by the warden of the Tombe. CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Mr. McCurdy started his cross-examina-tion. He was asked if the names of the prisoners on his list had not been select-ed by him from the list given him by the warden. Finally the witness answered, Yes." McCurdy asked the witness if he knew

whether any of the persons in the list were kept in the Tombs at their own or their counsel's request, and the witness said he had no personal knowledge. "Now, as to the case of Antonio Lorubio. Did you know when you put his name on the list that his case had been through the General Term and Court of Appeals, and that a similar condition exsted in other cases?"
"I knew of it," said the witness.
"Did you put the facts in your com-

plaint to the Governor plaint to the Governor.
"No, str," said Mr. McMahon.
Mr. McMahon admitted that he knew
that over thirty-nine homicide and 4,000
and over other cases had been tried
and disposed of during the ten months

of Colonel Fellows's term of office, and he said that he would still consider Colonel Fellows guilty of neglect of duty. Mr. BcMahon left the stand, and Mr. Welling called Colonel Fellows to take

the stand. "I will not," said the District Attor

The Commissioner held that if the answer of the District Attorney was offerin evidence, and the paper accompanying it, he did not see the necessity of the District Attorney on the stand. Then there was a hurried consultation, and Mr. Welling, handing in the complaint and the answer as evidence, said that he and his colleagues rested the case.

FORFETTED RECOGNIZANCES Mr. Sutro, counsel for the German Americans, then opened his case. Deputy Assistant-District - Attorney Hennessey Assistant-District - Attorney who has charge of the forfeited recognizances of the District Attorney's office was called, the register of forfeited recog dizantes was produced, and Mr. Hennes-ey was questioned regarding a number of cases where the bond was forfeited. It was brought out that the same ons had become sureties on many

Mr. Phillips announced that there were ome sixty cases of forfeited bonds, in harges amounting to nearly \$70,000, of which only a few thousands were con-ected. The examination goes on to-mor-

LEXOW COMMITTEE AGAIN. Goods Man Arrested-Repeating,

NEW YORK, December 3, -The Lexow committee was called together again at noon to-day. The chairman said that Street-Commissioner Andrews had twritten a letter to the committee begging for a copy of the minutes of the session in which he was charged with accepting bribes, and the letter had been referrerd bribes, and the letter had been referrerd to Mr. Goff. The latter said that he had advised that it would not be proper at present to supply a copy of the minutes. He had, however, invited Mr. Andrews to be present this morning to give him an opportunity to vindicate himself. Mr. Andrews was obliged, however, to be at a meeting of the Beard of Estimates and Apportionment to-day, and could not

appear.

Augus L. Lewis, who made an ap-plication for a license for the Hotel Tor-toni, which was run by Madame Claude, He said he supplied the place with meat, and received the money for the license from Madame Claude's book-keeper. He was informed that he had laid himself liable to a penalty of fifteen years imprisciment on each of the seven occasions that he swore to the contrary. A few moments later Mr. Goff tried to make Ryan, a green-goods man, admit that he was a green-goods man. Ryan declined

declined to answer, and Mr. Goff called an officer, who was prepared with a war-rant, and Ryan was placed under arrest for disobeying a former subpoena. Charles Harris alias Mark Newton was charles Harris and salar and the next called. He said he had just come down from the Eric county penitentiary, where he had served one year and eight months for false registration. He told the story of his repeating, for which he was paid for by a son of Police-Justice Divver, among others. His narrative was specific as to places and persons, and

depicted the repeating business as an exact science.
Father Ducey, who was forbidden to attend the sessions of the committee by Archbishop Corrigan, was present. He was asked if he had received special permission to be present, and replied that he could not get special permission to do wrong. He stated that he had written to Archbishop Corrigan telling him he would be present at the meeting of the committee to-day. lepicted the repeating business as ar

GOLD PAYMENTS COMPLETED. Stewart Syndicate Fulfils Its Contract in the New-Bond Matter.

NEW YORK, December 1.-The Stewart syndicate has completed the payment of gold into the sub-Treasury for the new \$50,000,000 bond issue. There was deposited to-day \$2,278,545, making a total of \$50,to-day \$2,278,545, making a total of \$40,-400,025 paid into the New York sub-Treasury, as follows: Principal, \$42,850,000; premium, \$7,402,878; interest, \$156,547.

The amount of gold paid elsewhere is \$8,311,321, of which the principal is due, as follows: Chicago, \$2,250,000; San Francisco, \$2,000,000; Philadelphia, \$1,520,000, and Boston, \$1,250,000.

The premium to be paid at the subtreasuries outside of New York is estimated at \$1,325,521, and the interest at \$25,700.

The total proceeds from the sale of bonds will be \$88,720,747 in gold. The February issue netted \$58,660,915. According to advices, the payments have been practically made in other cities

INTO LAKE CHAMPLAIN. Tender and One Car of a Train Derailed-

Two Persons Drowned. WHITE HALL, N. Y., December 3.— Train No. 4 on the Delaware and Hudson rallroad, which left Montreal at 9:10 this morning, was thrown from the track one nile and a nalf north of Port Henry tunnel at about 1:20 o'clock this afternoon.

The train consisted of mail- and expressor, baggage-car, smoking-car, emigrant-

The engine did not leave the track, but the tender and the mail- and express-car went crashing along an embankment and plunged into Lake Champiain. One end of the smoker also went into the water. The enigrant- and passenger-cars left the rails, but fortunately their alomentum was checked, and they remained on the bank. The drawing-room-car was only partly derailed.

The express-messenger and the mail-clerk went down with their car and were drawind, and several others narrowly escaped the same fate. A number of persons received injuries, but none of these are likely to prove fatal.

SENATOR BUTLER'S PETITION. It Seeks to Obliterate the Existing Care

COLUMBIA, S. C., December 3.-The Supreme Court began hearing arguments this morning on Senstor M. C. Butler's petition to make permanent an injunction restraining the State Treasurer from restraining the State Treasurer from paying the election commissioners and managers at the recent election, on the ground that the election-laws are unconstitutional. If this claim is upheld, it would, of course, make the Legislature, which is to elect Senator Butler's successor, and which is composed largely of friends of Governor Tillman, illegal, The Attorney-General was first heard in return to the rule to show cause. He took the position that the election-law was constitutional.

The Attorney-General also took the position, and cited authorities to main-

sition, and cited authorities to maintain it, that a beneficiary of a law cannot bring an action alleging the upconstitutionshity of that law. One must allege special injury. He cannot bring an abstract proposition for the court to decide. He then alluded to the fact that Senator

Butler had been a beneficiary of the law, and that since 1882, when the law was passed, he had drawn \$60,000 through the operation of the law. The hearing will be resumed to-morrow.

UTICA, N. Y., December 3.—The six-stery brick block on the corner of Gene-see and Catherine streets, owned by Henry Martin, and occupied by Com-stock & Crouse, wholesale druggists, the National Express Company, and a large number of office tenants, was burned at midnight to-night. The fire is supposed to have caught from the spontaneous commidnight to-night. The fire is supposed to have caught from the spontaneous com-bustion of chemicals. The loss will reach \$150,000; insurance, unknown. The janitor and his family, who lived on the top floor, narrowly escaped by climbing over an adjoining roof. Fire-man W. H. Haley was severely injured.

The block was one of the finest in the city. Murder Case Quickly Disposed Of. ROCKVILLE, MD. December 3.— Benjamin F. Lawson was this morning enovicted of murder in the second degree in killing Lloyd Vermillion at Upper Mariborough, September ist last. The case was given to the jury by consent of counsel, and no witnesses were examined, and the verdict was rendered in accord-

ance with the Court's instructions without the jury leaving their seats. Lawson was immediately sentenced to thirteen years and six months in the penitentiary. NORTH PLATTE, NEB., December 3.— The North Platte National Bank closed its doors this morning. The Comptroller of the Currency has charge, and nothing definite can be ascertained as a result of

excitement. The officers are A. Buckworth, president, and Samuel Go TACOMA, WASH., December 3.—The Tacoma National Bank closed its doors this morning, the cashier's notice stating that the institution was going into liqui-

the examination. It is thought that de-positors are well protected. There is no

the panic last year, and resumed after doubling its capital to \$200,000. W. B. Blackwell, the president of the bank, is at present in Philadelphia. MARINE INTELLIGENCE. MIMIATURE ALMANAC, DEC. 4. 1894.

Steamship Old Dominion, Couch, New York, merchandise and passengers; George W. Allen & Co., agents. SAILED.

PORT OF RICHMOND, DECEMBER 3, 1894.

PORT OF NEWPORT NEWS, DEC. 3, 1894. ARRIVED. ARRIVED.

ARRIVED.

British steamship Clandeboye, Galveston.
British steamship Clambert's Point, New York.
British steamship Mande. Huelva.
Schooner St. Thomas, Providence.
Schooner R. & T. Hargraves, Providence.
Schooner James Ives. Providence.
Barge Coal King, New York.

SALED.

SAILED. British steamship Claudeboye, Liverpool. Schooner G. P. Davennort, Boston. Schooner Haroldine, Boston. Barge 110, Boston.

PORT OF WEST POINT, DEC. 3, 1894. ARRIVED.

SAILED Salled.

Steamship Charlotte, Courtney, Baltimore, passengers and general carge.
Steamship Gloucester, flowes, Beston via Norfolk, passengers and general carge.
Steamship City of Columbia, Jenney, New York via Newyort, News and Norfolk, passengers and general carge.
Steamship Monkseaton, Bearsley, Liverpool, Eng.: carge cotton.

In order to move our immense stock of DECo-RATED CHINA AND TEA WARE, we will for the next ten days sell all of Haviland & Co.'s Dinner Sets at the following reduced prices:

STANDARD DAIRY CHOP

is a properly balanced ration, composed of col touseed meal, linseed meal, mill feed, &c., mixed in such proportion as to insure the best esults at the smallest cost. Price 90 cents per 100 pounds. WOODLAWN DAIRY, August 22, 1894.

Woodlawn Dairy, Augus: 22, 1894.

Mesers. Thomas S. Winn & Co.:

Gentlemen,—I have been feeding a herd of forty head of dairy cattle on your Standard barry Chop, and find that it produces as much milk, and of as good quality, as feed costing much more, I expect to uso a large quantity during the winter months. Hoping you much success, because of the interest you take in the dairy people, I am

Yours truly.

(Signed.)

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No. 509 east Marshall street.

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in face. Public are warned not to bay her.
Liberal roward for her return to owner.
R. B. CHAFFIN. LOST, BETWEEN FIRST AND Broad streets and Twenty-seventh and Broad. TWO TEN- AND ONE FIVE-DOLLAR BILLS. Reward if returned to 2017 east Grace street.

LOST, IN THE WEST-END, BE-TWEEN Frankin street and Hollywood, A BUNDLE OF PURPLE VELVET beepangled. Finder will please return to 300 west Frankin street. IF THE GENTLEMAN WHO FOUND NEW PAIR OF MEINS AND HORSE. THE WALL OF MEINS AND HORSE. THE WALL OF THE W



WHY NOT YOU

than a nicely-furnished boust? And the first rooms you or your guest see a are the Half and Parlor. Now, strange t, say, we have sold more Parlor and Half suits this fall than ever before, and counse mently we are carrying a much larger stock. What do you thins of a Mahogany-finish buls of 6 precess
in Silk Tapeater for \$45; or a Satian
Damask 5-prece Sult for \$65, worth every
cent of \$90; or a 5-plece Capeatry Sult,
silk-blush trimmings, in m shogany finish,
or oak frame, for \$22? As to Hall-Racks,
we have one for \$2.2 another, with sillution or oak frame, for \$227 As to instructure, we have one for \$5; another, with elliptical French plate-glass 35 inches wide, the \$18; and still another, with rectangular glass 48 inches wide, \$13.50. All quartered-oak stock, oak, and pointed. He member you need not pay us all at one, and we will keep anything for you if you want it for Christman.

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when your sight has been impaired by

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specifications to be seen at the office of
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or at the office of W. M. Poindexter,
architect. See Seventeenth etreet. Washington, D. C. The board roserves the
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